

# **History HME Revision Timetable February – June 2017**

Week beginning	Key issue	Key events to revise	Exam questions for this week (homework)
<b>PAPER 1 – ORIGINS OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR</b>			
20 <sup>th</sup> Feb	Why and how did the alliance system develop before 1914?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Triple Alliance</li> <li>• Franco-Russian alliance</li> <li>• Entente Cordiale</li> <li>• Anglo-Russian agreement</li> <li>• Weltpolitik (Kaiser Wilhelm's foreign policy)</li> </ul>	6 Mark on Kaiser Wilhelm's Foreign Policy
27 <sup>th</sup> Feb	Why and how did the alliance system develop before 1914?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Moroccan Crisis of 1905</li> <li>• The Moroccan crisis of 1911</li> <li>• The Bosnian crisis 1908-1909</li> <li>• The naval and military arms race</li> </ul>	10 Mark Which events had the most significant impact on the elopement of the alliances: Moroccan crises vs Bosnian crisis
6 <sup>th</sup> march	Why did War Break out in 1914?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conflict in the Balkans 1913 and Austria Hungary's ambitions for the Balkans.</li> <li>• The Assassination of Franz Ferdinand</li> <li>• Austria's response to the assassination and the ultimatum.</li> <li>• How did the different allies react to the assassination?</li> <li>• The Schlieffen Plan and the outbreak of war.</li> <li>• Who was most responsible for the First World War?</li> </ul>	10 Mark which was the biggest cause of the war; the ultimatum to Serbia or the Schlieffen Plan?
<b>PAPER 1 – TREATY OF VERSAILLES AND THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS</b>			
13 <sup>th</sup> March	How did the Treaty of Versailles establish peace?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aims of the Woodrow Wilson (including the 14 points), David Lloyd George and Georges Clemenceau.</li> <li>• Terms of the treaty of Versailles.</li> <li>• Strengths and weaknesses of the Treaty and why Germans objected to it.</li> </ul>	6 Mark – aims of France and America at the Paris Peace conference and the 14 points.
20 <sup>th</sup> March	Why did the league of Nations fail to keep peace?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Membership of the League.</li> <li>• Structure, power and organisation of the League.</li> <li>• The Manchurian Crisis 1931-1933</li> <li>• The Abyssinian Crisis 1935-1936</li> </ul>	10 Mark – which crisis weakened the League of Nations more; Manchuria or Abyssinia?
<b>PAPER 1 – HITLER'S FOREIGN POLICY AND THE ORIGINS OF WW2</b>			
27 <sup>th</sup> March	How did Hitler challenge the Treaty of Versailles?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hitler's Foreign Policy aims.</li> <li>• The Return of the Saar 1935</li> <li>• Rearmament, withdrawal from the League of Nations and disarmament conference, conscription.</li> </ul>	6 Mark question on Appeasement

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10 year non-aggression pact with Poland and the Anglo-German Naval agreement.</li> <li>• Remilitarisation of the Rhineland 1936</li> <li>• The Anschluss with Austria 1938.</li> </ul>	
<b>3<sup>rd</sup> April</b>	Why did appeasement fail to prevent the 2 <sup>nd</sup> World War?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Who supported appeasement and who did not (and explain why).</li> <li>• The Sudeten Crisis and the Munich Agreement 1938.</li> <li>• The invasion of Czechoslovakia 1939</li> <li>• Reasons for and the consequences of the Nazi-Soviet Pact.</li> <li>• Which event in the 1930s was most responsible for the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War?</li> </ul>	10 Mark question – which was the main cause of WW2? Hitler’s policies towards Austria or Hitler’s policies towards the USSR?
<b>PAPER 2 – THE ROARING 20S: USA, 1918-1929</b>			
<b>10<sup>th</sup> April</b>	Prosperity in the 1920s	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isolationism – refusal to ratify the Treaty of Versailles and join the League of Nations (and the consequences for the USA).</li> <li>• American Tariff policy</li> <li>• Mass production e.g. Henry Ford</li> <li>• Growth in consumer industries and advertising</li> <li>• Hire Purchas, purchase of shares and the stock market boom. Policies of the Republican government.</li> <li>• Development in the entertainment industries.</li> </ul>	6 mark question on mass production
<b>17<sup>th</sup> April</b>	Divided society and the stock market crash.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rich vs poor and those who did not benefit (e.g. farmers)</li> <li>• Race and immigration controls; the quota system of 1921; National Origins Act and the Ku Klux Klan.</li> <li>• Prohibition groups – those for and against it. Extent of organised crime and the wider impact of prohibition on society.</li> <li>• Young people, fads, fashions and flappers.</li> <li>• Problems of the 1920s: over-production, lack of credit control, the effects of tariff policy; unequal distribution of wealth.</li> <li>• The Wall Street Crash; events and immediate consequences.</li> </ul>	10 Mark question on the lives of black Americans
<b>PAPER 2 – DEPRESSION AND THE NEW DEAL: THE USA, 1929-1941</b>			
<b>24<sup>th</sup> April</b>	How did the Depression affect the America people?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The effects of the Wall Street Crash; the collapse of business and industry, unemployment and its effects.</li> <li>• The attempts of Hoover’s government to deal with the depression (strengths and weakness of these attempts).</li> <li>• The unpopularity of Hoover and why Roosevelt was able to win the 1932 election.</li> </ul>	8 Mark question – explain how the Depression affected American Citizens between 1929-1932.
<b>1<sup>st</sup> May</b>	Who benefited and the effect of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> world war.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The actions and personality of Roosevelt: fireside chats, banking crisis, help for farmers, unemployed, home owners, workers and depressed areas.</li> <li>• The main alphabet agencies; AAA, FERA, CWA, WPA, CCC and TVA.</li> <li>• Helping industry and the NRA</li> <li>• The HOLC and the Social Security Act.</li> </ul>	12 Mark Question. Do you agree that the New Deal had achieved its aims by 1939?

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How successful was the New Deal?</li> <li>• Criticism and opposition to the New Deal.</li> <li>• Impact of the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War on recovery – exports and Lend-Lease</li> </ul>	
<b>War in Vietnam, 1954-1975</b>			
<b>8<sup>th</sup> MAY</b>	Escalation of American involvement and military tactics of the war.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The French defeat at Dien Bien Phu and its consequence.</li> <li>• US Policy and intervention following the French defeat.</li> <li>• The Gulf of Tonkin resolution</li> <li>• The theory of Guerrilla warfare and the Guerrilla tactics of the VC.</li> <li>• The US response to Guerrilla tactics: Operation rolling thunder, winning 'hearts and minds', agent orange, napalm and search and destroy missions.</li> <li>• The My Lai Massacre 1968</li> </ul>	8 Mark question – explain why the French were unable to regain control of Vietnam after WW2.
<b>15<sup>TH</sup> May</b>	Demands for peace and the end of US involvement in the war	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Public reaction to the My Lai, Massacre and trial of Lt Calley.</li> <li>• TV and media coverage of the war</li> <li>• Protest movements in the USA</li> <li>• The Kent State University Protest 1970</li> <li>• The Fulbright Hearings, 1971</li> <li>• The Tet offensive 1968</li> <li>• Extension of the war into Laos and Cambodia 1970-1972</li> <li>• The Paris peace conference and US withdrawal</li> <li>• The fall of Saigon 1975.</li> </ul>	12 Mark question – Was Guerrilla warfare the main reason why the US were unable to win the Vietnam war?
<b>FINAL PREP – PAPER 1 AND 2</b>			
<b>22<sup>nd</sup> May</b>	Crucial Areas for paper1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Causes, events and consequences of the Triple Entente</li> <li>• Kaiser Wilhelm's Foreign Policy.</li> <li>• The causes, events and consequences of the Entente Cordiale</li> <li>• The 2<sup>nd</sup> Moroccan Crisis.</li> <li>• Bosnian Crisis</li> <li>• The naval and arms race.</li> <li>• The causes, events and consequences of the assassination of Franz Ferdinand.</li> <li>• Aims of the big 3 at the Paris Peace conference.</li> <li>• Terms of the Treaty of Versailles (prepare to explain which terms upset Germans the most).</li> <li>• Powers of the League of Nations</li> <li>• Manchurian crisis (focus on how the membership of the League was a problem here).</li> <li>• Abyssinian crisis (focus on how the role of Britain and France was a problem here).</li> <li>• Powers of the League of Nations</li> </ul>	Full mock for homework

<b>29<sup>th</sup> May</b>	Crucial Areas for paper1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hitler's Foreign Policy aims.</li> <li>• The remilitarisation of the Rhineland.</li> <li>• The 2 attempts at Anschluss with Austria</li> <li>• Appeasement and the Munch conference – consequences of this for Czechoslovakia and the relationship between the west and USSR)</li> <li>• The peaceful agreements and treaties that Hitler made. Reason for and the consequences of the Nazi Soviet Pact.</li> </ul>	Full mock for homework
<b>5<sup>th</sup> June</b>	Crucial Areas for paper 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How America isolated itself (reaction to Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations, Tariff policy and immigration controls).</li> <li>• Why was there an economic boom (effects of tariff policy, growth in consumer industries, advertising, mass production)</li> <li>• Why was there a stock market boom (Republican policies, availability of credit, shares on the margin, link to profits being made in business, bull market)</li> <li>• Who did not do well in 1920s America?</li> <li>• Racist attitudes in America (Red Scare, WASPS, Ku Klux Klan).</li> <li>• Arguments for and against Prohibition.</li> <li>• Organised crime and other consequences of Prohibition.</li> <li>• Society and culture and developments in the entertainment industries.</li> <li>• Reason for the stock market boom (over-production, lack of expert market, lack of confidence in the market, lack of regulation and corruption, bear market)</li> <li>• How the depression affected Americans and Hoover's attempts to solve the depression.</li> <li>• Why Roosevelt won and why Hoover lost the 1932 election.</li> <li>• The hundred days and the 1<sup>st</sup> New Deal (revise 1 or 2 examples for; industry, workers and farmers).</li> <li>• The 2<sup>nd</sup> New deal (examples for industry, workers and farmers).</li> <li>• Criticism and opposition to the New Deal.</li> <li>• The impact of the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War on ending the depression.</li> </ul>	Full Mock for homework
<b>12<sup>th</sup> June</b>	Crucial Areas for paper 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The French defeat at Dien Bien Phu (Vietnam)</li> <li>• The theory of guerrilla warfare and examples (Hit and Run, booby traps, Ho Chi Minh Trail and the tunnel network, VC code of conduct)</li> <li>• How America became more involved; Domino theory, US support to Dinh Diem, financial and military aid 1954-1964, Gulf of Tonkin resolution.</li> <li>• US tactics; Operation rolling thunder, Search and Destroy, Napalm, winning hearts and minds, Operation Line backer, Vietnamisation.</li> <li>• Some reasons why America were unable to win Media coverage of TET offensive and exposure of the My Lai Massacre. Opposition to the war</li> </ul>	Full Mock for homework

		(Students, Fulbright Hearings and reaction of extension of the war into Laos and Cambodia.	
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- US withdrawal; Paris Peace talks and the Fall of Saigon.

## TEST YOURSELF QUESTIONS - PAPER 1

### Origins of WW1

1. Why did Austria-Hungary annex Bosnia?
2. Why did Russia mobilise for war?
3. Why did Britain enter the First World War?
4. Why did Britain fear/resent Germany?
5. Why Germany got involved in Morocco?
6. Explain how the Bosnian crisis of 1908 caused tension between Russia and Austria Hungary
7. Explain how the assassination of Franz Ferdinand caused the First World War.
8. Explain how Germany helped to cause the First World War.
9. Explain how Russia helped to cause the First World War.
10. Explain how the alliances system caused greater tension in Europe.

### Tov and LoN

1. Explain why did France want revenge on Germany
2. Explain why Clemenceau and Wilson clashed at the peace conference
3. Explain why the French were not fully satisfied with the Treaty.
4. Explain why the USA did not join the League of Nations
5. Explain why Japan invaded Manchuria
6. Explain why the Germans hated the treaty of Versailles.
7. How did the Abyssinian crisis help to cause the failure of the League?
8. How did the Manchurian crisis help to cause the failure of the League?
9. Which term of the treaty caused the most anger amongst Germans?: The territorial changes, military restrictions, reparations or the war guild clause?
10. What was the main reason for the failure of the League of Nations? Membership of the League, Powers of the League, The Abyssinian Crisis, The Manchurian crisis?

### Origins of WW2

1. Describe Hitler's aims in foreign policy
2. Describe How he achieved Anschluss with Austria in 1938
3. Why did Hitler want to re-arm Germany?
4. Explain how the reoccupation of the Saar and the remilitarisation of the Rhineland help Hitler to go further in his foreign policy aims.
5. Why did Chamberlain (British PM) want to appease Hitler?
6. Explain how the occupation of the Sudetenland helped cause WW2?
7. Why did Stalin make a pact with Hitler?
8. Explain how the Nazi-Soviet helped cause WW2?
9. Why did Britain stop their policy of appeasement in 1939?
10. Which event was the most important reason why war broke out in 1939? The remilitarisation of the Rhineland, Anschluss, Sudetenland, invasion of Czechoslovakia, invasion of Poland. Explain why the others were not so important.

## TEST YOURSELF QUESTIONS PAPER 2

### Roaring 20s

1. Explain why a mood of isolationism grew in America after 1918?
2. Why did the US government impose a high tariff on imports to the USA?
3. Why was Henry Ford so successful?
4. How did Republican policies help a stock market boom to develop?
5. Why did the USA experience an economic boom in the 1920s?
6. Why did the US government impose prohibition in the 1920s?
7. Why did organised crime flourish in the 1920s?
8. Why did the entertainment industry prosper in the 1920s?
9. Why were WASPs seen as the more desirable immigrant to America?
10. What were the long-term and short-term causes of the Wall Street Crash in 1929?

### Great Depression

1. In what ways were America affected by the depression?
2. What did Hoover do to try and solve the Depression?
3. How did Hoover's name become synonymous with the depression?
4. How did Roosevelt solve the banking crisis?
5. How did the new deal help industry?
6. How did the new deal help agriculture?
7. How did the new deal help the unemployed?
8. Why was there Republican opposition to the new deal?
9. Explain how making more people employed helps the whole economy to grow.
10. Explain how WW2 and Lend Lease help to solve the depression in America?

### Vietnam

1. Explain why the French were defeated at Dien Bien Phu?
2. Explain how WW2 triggered American involvement in Vietnam
3. Explain why American involvement increased in the 1960s?
4. Explain the tactics of the VC in the Vietnam war?
5. Explain the tactics of the Americans in the Vietnam war?
6. Explain the results of the TET offensive in 1968?
7. Explain the consequences of the extension of the war into Laos and Cambodia in 1970-1
8. Explain how the election of Nixon helped to cause the withdrawal of American troops from Vietnam.
9. Explain the causes of the My Lai Massacre in 1968?
10. Explain why some people claim that 'the USA lost the war in Vietnam'